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October 15, 2020

## **By ECF**

The Honorable Colleen McMahon Chief United States District Judge Southern District of New York 500 Pearl Street New York, New York 10007-1312

Re:

Fraser v. City of New York, et al.

No. 20-cv-4926 (CM)(ST)

Dear Chief Judge McMahon:

My firm represents plaintiff Jawaun Fraser, who alleges that he was imprisoned for two years as a result of evidence fabrication and *Brady* violations. A New York County Supreme Court Justice vacated his underlying conviction because of the prosecution's failure to disclose impeachment material—evidence of prior civil lawsuits—against the defendant police officers. I am writing with the consent of the defendants to request that this case be exempted from Local Civil Rule 83.10 ("the 1983 Plan") given the nature of Mr. Fraser's allegations and damages.

There are several features of this case that make it a poor fit for the 1983 Plan. While Mr. Fraser does have a malicious-prosecution claim, thus bringing this case within the scope of Local Civil Rule 83.10, this is essentially a wrongful conviction case based upon claims of evidence fabrication and violations of Brady. Claims for evidence fabrication and Brady violations, however, do not fall within the scope of the 1983 Plan. Additionally, Plaintiff alleges that the City of New York is liable under Monell for Brady violations because of the NYPD's failure to train, discipline, or supervise its employees, and the Manhattan District Attorney Office's policy, custom, or practice. The latter claim is a further distinguishing factor: while the 1983 Plan applies to cases brought against the City, the NYPD, or its employees, it does not

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apply to claims against the DA's office or its employees (even if due to prosecutorial immunity and the principles of municipal liability, the City remains the defendant).

Both the degree of damages alleged in this case and the presence of non-boilerplate *Monell* claims will require far more complex and extensive discovery than in standard 1983 Plan cases. While both sides are willing to engage in good-faith settlement negotiations at the earliest appropriate time, they cannot productively do so without first at least engaging in document discovery relating to the *Monell* claims. It would be a waste of both the parties' times and the mediator's time to require them to prepare for and undergo mediation before significant discovery takes place.

I therefore respectfully request that this case be removed from the 1983 Plan, that it be removed from the mediation program, and that the discovery stay be lifted.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/

Joel B. Rudin

cc: Brian Francolla, Esq., Senior Counsel, NYC Law Department (by ECF)